



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

November 27th.

Vice President MORTON in the Chair.

The Committee to which was referred the paper of Dr. R. W. Gibbes, describing new species of *Myliobates* from the Eocene of South Carolina, &c., reported in favour of publication in the *Journal of the Academy*.

The report of the Corresponding Secretary for October and November, was read and adopted.

The following communication was received from the Secretary of the American Philosophical Society:—

“At a meeting of the American Philosophical Society, held on Friday evening, November 2, 1849, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Curators be authorized to deposit the fossil organic remains belonging to the Society, with the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, provided the Academy will agree to accept the deposit, and take proper measures for the preservation of the specimens, and by their proper officer sign a receipt for the same, and agree to return them in good condition, when required by this Society.”

Extract from the minutes.

CHARLES B. TREGO, Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Cassin, the Curators of the Academy were authorized to receive the collection of Organic remains belonging to the American Philosophical Society, on the conditions proposed in the above resolution, with some slight modification.

ELECTION.

William Parker Foulke, Esq., of Philadelphia, was elected a *Member* of the Academy.

December 4th.

Mr. VAUX in the Chair.

A letter was read from Wm. P. Foulke, Esq., acknowledging the receipt of his notice of election as a member.

A communication was received and read from William Hembel, Esq., President of the Academy, declining a re-election to the office, assigning as his motive, the increasing infirmities of age, and his inability in consequence to perform properly the duties of the office, or to take an active part in the affairs of the Society.

Dr. Leidy read a memoir, entitled “Descriptions of two species of *Distoma*, with the partial history of one of them, by Joseph Leidy, M. D.,” accompanied by drawings, and intended for publication in the *Journal*. Referred to Drs. Bridges, Morton and Hallowell.